Coos County Transit Master Plan

Financial Assessment Overview November 16, 2020







Introductions

Please describe your role on the project

Agenda Review

TIME	SUBJECT	LEAD PRESENTER	GUIDANCE REQUESTED
2:00	Introductions	David Hope – CCAT	
2:10	Welcome, Meeting Purpose, Agenda Review	Susie Wright –	Confirm Understanding, Questions for Clarification
2:15	Recap Meeting #3 and Activities Since September 2020	Kittelson	
2:20	Financial Assessment Memo		Questions/comments on short-term, mid-term, and long-term projects? Questions/comments on funding scenarios?
3:20	Next Steps: Transit Development Plan (December)		
3:30	Adjourn		

E	1 – Project Initiation and Stakeholder Involvement	Throughout	2019	
~	2 - Existing Conditions	May - December		
≣	3 – Transit Needs and Opportunities	February – Aug	2020	Project and
+	4 – Evaluation and Prioritization	Sept – Oct	20	Deliver
	5 - Draft Transit Master Plan	Oct – Dec		
1	6 – Adoption	January	2021	

Tasks rables

Current Phase: Future Opportunities

The project team is currently working on the draft Transit Master Plan. Route alternatives were recommended as part of Memo #5 and a *financial assessment* of the routes was conducted as part of Memo #6.

What is Coos County Transit Master Plan (CCAT)?

The CCAT Transit Master Plan will identify short-, mid- and long-term opportunities and include guidance on managing and improving transit services, facilities and coordination with transit services within the County such as Curry County's Coastal Express and Pacific Crest Bus Lines.



Why do we need it?

It's needed to improve safety, mobility and accessibility of the transit system in Coos County. Proposed changes focus on building a connected transit system that supports mobility, planned land uses, economic vitality, livability, and public safety.

Study Area



Since we Last Met

Memo #6: Financial Assessment

Alternatives Memo Recap

Deviated-Fixed Route Service Model Overview

- This model is currently in place
- Currently, 2 buses provide paratransit (dial-a-ride) services in Coos county
- According to deviated route model, the bus would follow a fixed route, but anyone would be allowed to request a deviation
- This will allow some of the increase in demand for ADA complementary paratransit to be served by deviations of the fixed-route while continuing to serve some of the demand with up to two dial-a-ride vehicles, and helping CCAT sustain service into the future. ADA complementary paratransit service will not be specifically provided.



CCAT Proposal

- CCAT proposes to operate a demand response model of deviated-route service, with the following characteristics:
- **Everyone** would be eligible to request a deviation of the fixed-route service
- Maximum deviation distance: ¹/₄ mile from the fixed route
- **Trip purpose** priorities for paratransit service, in descending order: medical, employment, education, nutrition, shopping, recreation, other, same-day medical, same-day non-medical

- Maximum deviations per trip: To be determined.
 Each route's schedule will build in time to accommodate the maximum number of deviations without affecting schedule reliability
- Limited dial-a-ride service for seniors and people with disabilities within current service area



Alternatives Routes Memo Recap

Alternatives Memo Recap

Proposed Route Changes

- Pirate, Bulldog, and Crab Express are proposed to operate as deviated-routes
- Some locations will no longer be timepoints but will be eligible as deviated stops

Eliminated Routes

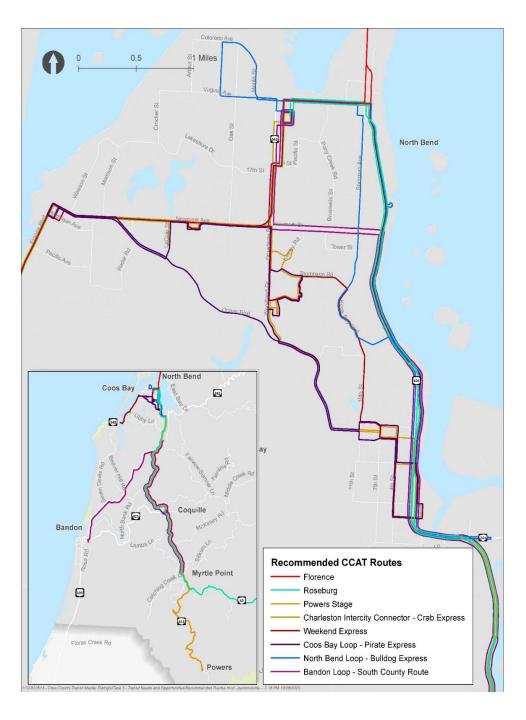
- Timber Express and Cranberry Express would be eliminated
- Service to Coquille and Myrtle Point, initially served by Timber Express would be provided by a combination of a new intercity route to Roseburg, a new South County route, and the Powers Stage route
- Cranberry Express in the current system has very low ridership and is proposed to instead operate as a new South County intercity route connecting Bandon, Myrtle Point, Coquille, and Coos Bay/North Bend

New Routes

• Three new routes namely, South County Route, Roseburg route and Florence route have been proposed to operate to serve North Bend, Bandon, Myrtle Point, Coquille, Roseburg and Florence



Recommended Routes



Deviated-Route Operation

- Monitoring how often particular destinations are requested for deviations.
- Monitoring whether deviation requests are impacting schedule reliability.

Added Coverage

Large areas currently unserved include:

- Neighborhoods south of downtown Coos Bay (high proportions of youth, lowincome households, limited-English proficiency households, minorities, and persons with disabilities, as well as a relatively high overall population density). The limited street connectivity in these areas poses challenges to developing a route.
- Northwest Coos Bay and North Bend (high proportions of seniors, youth, and minorities, along with relatively high overall population density)
- Eastside (high population density and proportion of minorities)
- Neighborhoods north of downtown North Bend (high proportions of seniors)

Intracounty Service

- Service increases on the Highway 42 route, which would improve service for trips from Bay Area communities to Coquille and Myrtle Point.
- A Roseburg-based second bus on the Highway 42 route serving same-day round-trips from Roseburg, but also serving same-day round trips from Myrtle Point and Coquille to the Bay Area.
- Expand days of operation of Florence Route to provide service every weekday between Lakeside and the Bay area for employment and education purposes (early morning south bound). This trip, extended north will benefit Reedsport residents who work or study Bay area or wish to travel to Roseburg.

Intercity Service

Roseburg

The phased recommendations for adding additional service include:

- Thursday—to allow connections to and from the weekly Powers Stage, which serves a portion of the county with a high proportion of veterans; a major VA hospital is located in Roseburg
- Saturday—to provide opportunities for shopping, social, and intercity trips to Roseburg on the weekend
- Friday—to allow overnight trips to Roseburg on the weekend.
- Monday—providing service all 5 weekdays and fully replacing the North Bend/Coos Bay to Coquille service currently provided by the Timber Express
- Sunday—to provide service every day of the week, and to particularly serve weekend (Friday–Sunday) trips to other parts of the state

Intercity Service

Florence

The recommendations for adding service include:

- Wednesday—to provide a second connection opportunity to the Highway 42 route and provide service every weekday.
- Sunday—to serve weekend (Friday–Sunday) trips to other parts of the state.
- Saturday—to provide service every day of the week, and serve overnight weekend trips to Eugene.

Capital Alternatives and Technology

Vehicle Types, Fleet Size and Fuel Types

- CCAT has a fleet of 21 vehicles
- 3 vehicles were acquired in 2019 and have logged approximately 5,500 miles or fewer
- 13 buses have exceeded their Expected Useful Life (EUL) and are eligible for replacement in FY 20/21; 2 are eligible for replacement in FY 24/25
- Capital costs are expected to be \$125,000 per 22-foot bus, based on the American Public Transportation Association (APTA)'s 2020 Public Transportation Vehicle Database.

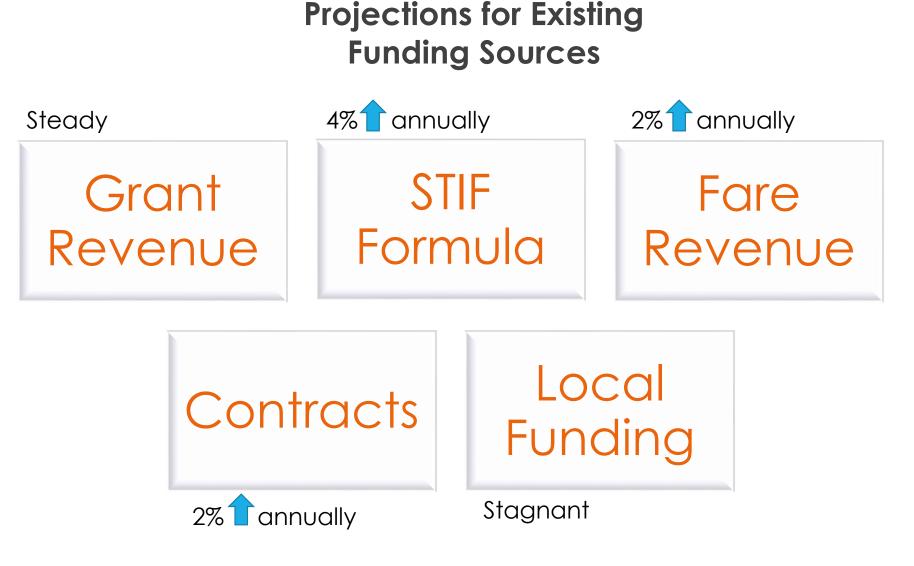
Recommendation:

- Medium-sized buses (20-25 foot)
- Accessible vans for dial-a-ride service
- Maintain an average fleet age that is less than half the vehicles' average life span of the vehicles
- 20 percent spare ratio is recommended for fleet size, but this could be higher (e.g., 25%) based on the types of services CCAT offers
- Consider purchasing lower-emission vehicles such as hybrid-electric propulsion, all-electric buses or compressed m=natural gas (CNG) buses
- Low-floor buses for all deviated and fixed routes that are able to accommodate low-floor buses

Total \$ = \$1,875,000Vehicles to be replaced = 15 Local match = 3 \longrightarrow / year, \$50,000 - \$75,000 / year

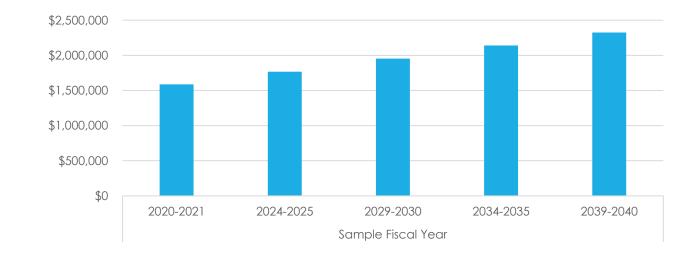
Financial Assessment

Funding Analysis



Projected Annual Revenues - Existing Funding Sources

	Sample Fiscal Year						
Funding Scenario	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040		
Existing Funding Sources	\$1,586,000	\$1,805,000	\$1,991,000	\$2,177,000	\$2,363,000		



Funding Analysis

Short-Term, Mid-Term and Long-Term Costs (1 of 3)

		Annual Vehicle Hours			Annual Cost (\$1,000) in Today's Dollars				
	Route	Pre-COVID	Timeline	Change	Service Hours	Pre-COVID	Timeline	Change	Annual Cost (\$1,000)
			Short	Deviated Fixed Route Model	8,295*	Shor	Short	Deviated Fixed Route Model	\$498
				Short-term	8,295			Short-term	\$498
Service Alternatives	Bay Area Local (Pirate, Bulldog, Crab,	5,338	Mid	Increase Service Span for Pirate Express, Bulldog Express and Weekend Express	+620		Mid	Increase Service Span for Pirate Express, Bulldog Express and Weekend Express	+\$37
				Saturday Service	+1,320			Saturday Service	+\$79
				Increase Frequency for Crab Express	+2,550			Increase Frequency for Crab Express	+\$153
Cost				Additional Bay Area Route	+2,550	\$320		Additional Bay Area Route	+\$153
	Weekend)			Mid-Term Total	15,335			Mid-Term Total	\$920
Summary	heekenaj			Mid-Term	15,335			Mid-Term	\$920
				Increase Service Span for all Bay Area routes	+2,775			Increase Service Span for all Bay Area routes	+\$166
		Long	Increase Service Frequency for Pirate Express, Bulldog Express and Crab Express	+9,270	Long	Increase Service Frequency for Pirate Express, Bulldog Express and Crab Express	+\$556		
				Long-term Total	27,360			Long-term Total	\$1,642

*This increase is offset by reductions in paratransit.

Cost/hour =\$60/hour Service Cost Increase = 6%/year Short-term = 2020 - 2024Mid-term = 2025 - 2030Long-term = 2031 - 2040

Short-Term, Mid-Term and Long-Term Costs (2 of 3)

			Annual Ve	hicle Hours		Annual Cost (\$1,000) in Today's Dollars					
	Route	Pre-COVID	Timeline	Change	Service Hours	Pre-COVID	Timeline	Change	Annual Cost (\$1,000)		
	Timber Express	917	N/A	Elimination	N/A	\$55	N/A	Elimination	N/A		
	Cranberry Express	975	N/A	Elimination	N/A	\$59	N/A	Elimination	N/A		
	Powers Stage	536	Short, Medium, Long	N/A	536	\$32	Short, Medium, Long	N/A	\$32		
		N/A	Short	Two trips/day	1,530		Short	Two trips/day	\$92		
	South County		Medium, Long	Short-term	1,530			Short-term	\$92		
	South County	N/A		Four trips/day	+3,060	N/A	Medium, Long	Four trips/day	+\$183		
				Mid-term Total	4,590			Mid-term Total	\$275		
	ADA Paratransit (Bay Area)	4,547	N/A	Removed	-	\$273	N/A	Removed	-		
	Dial-a-Ride (Bandon)	975	N/A	Removed	-	\$59	N/A	Removed	-		
	Dial-a-Ride (Other)	4,300	N/A	Removed	-	\$258	N/A	Removed	-		
			Short, Medium	Deviated Fixed Route Model (2 vehicles)	4,080		Short, Medium	Deviated Fixed Route Model (2 vehicles)	\$245		
				Mid-term	4,080			Mid-term	\$245		
	Dial-a-Ride	N/A		Deviated Fixed	N/A	N/A		Deviated Fixed			
			Long	Route Model (3 vehicles)			Long	Route Model (3 vehicles)	+\$122		
				Long-term Total	6,120			Long-term Total	\$367		

Service Alternatives Cost Summary

Short-Term, Mid-Term and Long-Term Costs (3 of 3)

Service Alternatives Cost Summary

	Annual Vehicle Hours					Annual Cost (\$1,000) in Today's Dollars				
Route	Pre-COVID	Timeline	Change	Service Hours	Pre- COVID	Timeline	Change	Annual Cost (\$1,000)		
		Short	Service on Tuesday and Wednesday	660		Short	Service on Tuesday and Wednesday	\$40		
			Short-term	660			Short-term	\$40		
Deceburg	N1/A	Medium	Service on Thursday and Saturday	+660		Medium	Service on Thursday and Saturday	+\$39		
Roseburg	N/A		Mid-term Total	1,320	N/A		Mid-term Total	\$79		
		Long	Mid-term	1,320			Mid-term	\$79		
			Service on Friday, Sunday and Monday	+990		Long	Service on Friday, Sunday and Monday	\$60		
			Long-term Total	2,310			Long-term Total	\$139		
		Short	Service on Monday,	_,			Service on Monday,	Ţ		
			Tuesday, Thursday and	2,640		Short	Tuesday, Thursday and	\$158		
			Friday	,			Friday			
Florence		Medium	Short-term	2,640			Short-term	\$158		
norence	N/A		Service on Wednesday	+660	N/A	Medium	Service on Wednesday	\$40		
			Mid-term Total	3,300			Mid-term Total	\$198		
			Mid-term	3,300			Mid-term	\$198		
		Long	Weekend Service	+1,320		Long	Weekend Service	+\$79		
			Long-term Total	4,620			Long-term Total	\$277		
		Short-Term	17,741			Short-Term	\$1,064			
Total	17,588	Mid-Term	29,161 45,536		\$1,055	Mid-Term	\$1,750			
		Long-Term				Long-Term	\$2,732			

Service Alternatives Cost Summary

Route		Annual Vehicle Hours				Annual Cost (\$1,000, in Today's Dollars)				
Rectic	Existing	Short-term	Mid-term	Long-term	Existing	Short-term	Mid-term	Long-term		
Bay Area										
Local										
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Bulldog,	5,338	8,295	15,335	27,360	\$320	\$498	\$920	\$1,642		
Crab,										
Weekend)										
Timber										
Express	917	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$55	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Cranberry										
Express	975	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$59	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Powers Stage	536	536	536	536	\$32	\$32	\$32	\$32		
South County	N/A	1530	4590	4590	N/A	\$92	\$275	\$275		
ADA										
Paratransit	4,547	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$273	N/A	N/A	N/A		
(Bay Area)										
Dial-a-Ride	075				4 50					
(Bandon)	975		4 9 9 9	() 00	\$59	1 0 / 5	AO (5	AO (T		
Dial-a-Ride	4.000	4,080	4,080	6,120	* 050	\$245	\$245	\$367		
(Other)	4,300				\$258					
Roseburg	N/A	660	1,320	2,310	N/A	\$40	\$79	\$139		
Florence	N/A	2,640	3,300	4,620	N/A	\$158	\$198	\$277		
Total	17,588	17,741	29,161	45,536	\$1,055	\$1,064	\$1,750	\$2,732		

Summary - Short-Term, Mid-Term and Long-Term Costs

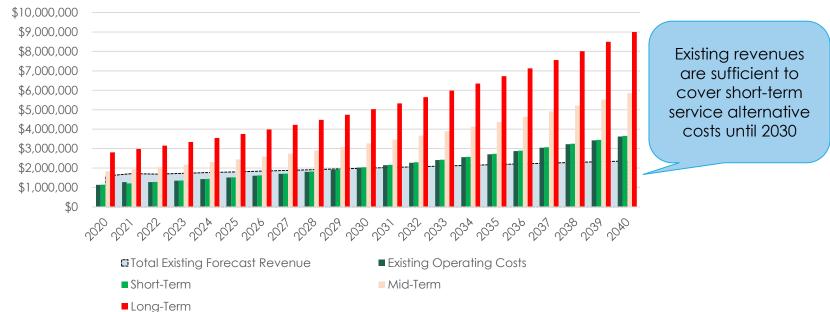
Capital and Fleet Local Match Costs

Service Alternatives Compared to Funding Projections

6% annually

	Sample Fiscal Year							
Costs	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040			
Fleet Replacement Costs	\$75,000	\$106,000	\$142,000	\$191,000	\$255,000			

Projections of Total Existing Revenue Sources Compared to Short-Term, Mid-Term and Long-Term Service Alternatives Costs



Potential Future Funding Scenarios

- Existing revenues are sufficient to cover short-term service alternative costs until approximately 2030
- Additional funding is needed to implement mid-term and long-term recommendations

Potential Future Local Funding

Sources for

Consideration

Property Tax

- A property tax would provide a determined percentage per \$1,000 of assessed property value, such as twenty cents per thousand dollars (\$0.20/\$1,000) or 0.02%.
- Other transit providers in the state that use property tax: Lincoln County Transportation District, the Rogue Valley Transportation District, and many others

Employer-Based Payroll Tax

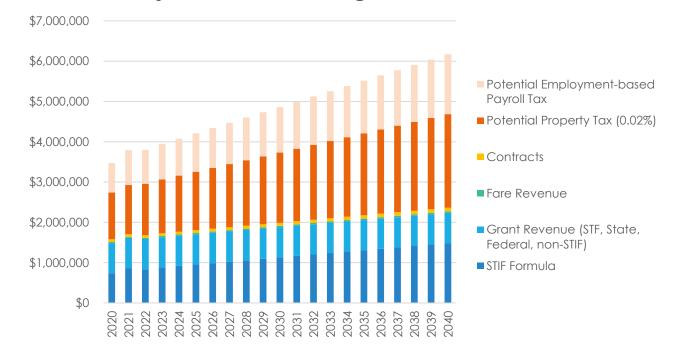
• A tax equivalent to the existing employee-borne tax funding the STIF would be 0.1% but could be set any desired level.

	Potential			Fis	cal Year		
	Future Funding Source	Variation	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040
5%		0.05% within Coos County	\$2,900,000	\$3,625,000	\$4,350,000	\$5,075,000	\$5,801,000
annually		0.03% within Coos County	\$1,740,000	\$2,175,000	\$2,610,000	\$3,045,000	\$3,480,000
		0.02% within Coos County	\$1,160,000	\$1,450,000	\$1,740,000	\$2,030,000	\$2,320,000
4% annually (similar to	Employer- based	0.1% (equivalent to employee-based payroll tax used for	\$737,000	\$955,000	\$1,132,000	\$1,308,000	\$1,485,000
(similar to STIF)	Payroll Tax	the STIF)					

Potential Future Funding Scenarios

Eurodina: Cooperio			Fiscal Year		
Funding Scenario	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040
Existing Revenue Sources (excluding STIF)	\$849,000	\$850,000	\$869,000	\$867,000	\$878,000
Existing Revenue Sources (including STIF)	\$1,586,000	\$1,805,000	\$1,954,000	\$2,177,000	\$2,363,000
Existing + STIF + 0.02% Property Tax	\$2,746,000	\$3,255,000	\$3,636,000	\$4,207,000	\$4,683,000
Existing + STIF + Employer- based Payroll Tax (0.1%)	\$2,323,000	\$2,760,000	\$3,050,000	\$3,485,000	\$3,848,000
Existing + STIF + 0.02% Property Tax + Employer- based Payroll Tax (0.1%)	\$3,484,000	\$4,210,000	\$4,732,000	\$5,516,000	\$6,168,000

Breakdown and Projections of Existing and Potential Local Funding Sources

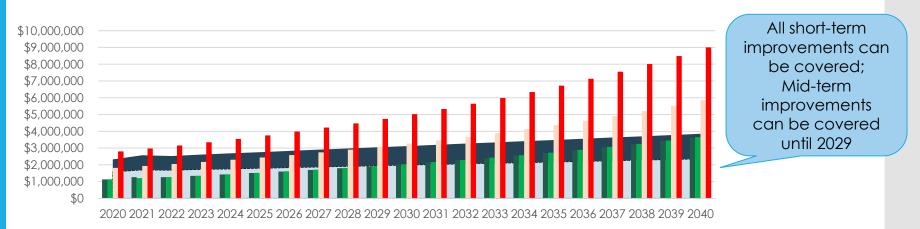


Scenario 1 – Inclusion of Property Tax (0.02%) Only

Potential Future Funding Scenarios



Scenario 2 - Inclusion of Employer-Based Payroll Tax Only



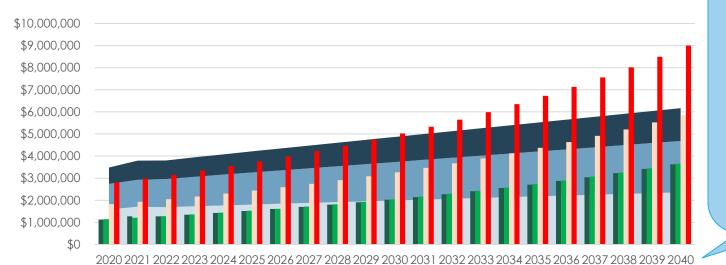
Total Existing Forecast Revenue
 Existing Operating Costs
 Mid-Term

Potential Employment-based Payroll Tax

- Short-Term
- Long-Term

Potential Future Funding Scenarios

Scenario 3 – Inclusion of Property Tax (0.02%) and Employer-Based Payroll Tax



All short-term improvements and mid-term improvements can be covered throughout the plan horizon.

All identified longterm improvements would not be sustainable throughout 2040

Total Existing Forecast Revenue

- Potential Employment-based Payroll Tax
- Short-Term
- Long-Term

- Potential Property Tax (0.02%)Existing Operating Costs
- Mid-Term

Annual Operating Hours Available Fundable Service Hours Beyond Short-Term Improvements

Excess Revenue	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040
Excess Revenue Beyond Short-term Improvements	\$447,000	\$280,000	(\$50,000)	(\$554,000)	(\$1,291,000)
(Existing Funding Only)					
With Employer-based Payroll Tax (0.1%)	\$737,000	\$955,000	\$1,132,000	\$1,308,000	\$1,485,000
With Proposed Property Tax (0.02%)	\$1,160,000	\$1,450,000	\$1,740,000	\$2,030,000	\$2,320,000
Annual Operating Hours Available	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040
Excess Hours Beyond Short- term Improvements (Existing Funding Only)	7,400	3,400	(400)	(3,800)	(6,700)
With Employer-based Payroll Tax (0.1%)	12,200	11,800	10,500	9,000	7,700
With Proposed Property Tax (0.02%)	19,300	18,000	16,100	14,100	12,000

CCATD Existing and Potential Funding Sources

Existing Funding Sources

Federal Grants

- Section 5303/5304/5305 Metropolitan & Statewide Planning and Non-Metropolitan Transportation Planning Grant
- Section 5310 Enhanced Mobility of Seniors & Individuals with Disabilities Formula Grant
- Section 5311 Rural Area Formula Grant
- Section 5339 Bus and Bus Facilities
- Surface Transportation Block Grant (STBG)
- Other Federal Funding

State Funding

- · Special Transportation Fund (STF)
- Statewide Transportation Improvement Fund (STIF)

Local Funding

- · Charges for Services (Fares)
- · Other Transit Provider Revenue

CCATD Existing and Potential Funding Sources

Potential Additional Local Funding Sources

Local Taxes and Fees

- Property Taxes
- Business Taxes
- Payroll Taxes
- Tax Increment Financing
- Tax Incentive Zones
- Multimodal Impact Fees
- Parking Fees/Fines

Next Steps

 Draft Transit Development Plan (Meet on December 14th)

• Adoption of TMP in early 2021

Questions?